Teaching @ Augsburg:
Why you are so
important to
our Students

In 2019, Augsburg is a student-centered, urban university, which is small to our students and big for the world.

What does it mean to be Student-Centered?

Who Are Augsburg Students? DAY Students, 2015 Fall Census

- 2002 students, 58.5% of total students
- Average age is 20.7
- 53.8% live off-campus, 46.2 % live on-campus
- 44.9 % eligible for Pell Grants
- 51.2% Caucasian, 33.9% Students of Color, 14.9% unreported
- 50% Christian Faith, 29% Non-Christian Faith, 21% non-religious
- Courses are primarily face-to-face and during the day

Who Are Augsburg Students? AU Students, 2015 Fall Census

- 546 students, 15.9% of total students
- 391 students in Minneapolis, 155 Students in Rochester
- Average age is 35.2
- All students live off-campus
- 33.0% eligible for Pell Grants
- 60.1% Caucasian, 19.4% Students of Color, 20.5% unreported
- Courses are hybrid or online

Who Are Our Students? Graduate, 2015 Fall Consensus

- 876 students, 25.6% of total students
- Graduate students are in both Minneapolis and Rochester
- All graduate students live off-campus
- Average age is 33.5
- All students live off-campus
- 57.9% Caucasian, 17.0% Students of Color, 25.1% unreported
- Courses are hybrid or online

Faculty Play a Critical Role in Student Success

- Creating inclusive classroom environments
- Planning effective learning opportunities
- Developing student-teacher relationships
- Giving students feedback so they know how to improve and can estimate their grade
- Alerting others on campus when students are struggling

Creating Inclusive Classroom Environments

- Consider your course elements from multiple perspectives to ensure inclusivity
- Develop your own intercultural competency (see Diversity and Inclusion website)
- Allow students to demonstrate their learning in multiple ways
- Set classroom expectations that support respectful interactions between students

Planning Effective Learning Opportunities

- Use High-Impact Practices in your classes
 - Service-Learning
 - Project-based work in groups
 - Writing support through drafts and revisions
 - Activities that have students engage cultures, experiences, and worldviews other than their own
- Have high expectations for the students, and make sure they clearly understood
- Get student feedback on what is effective and what's not effective (Critical Incident Feedback)

Developing student-teacher relationships

- Get to know students' preferred names and pronouns
- Be responsive to students in class, by Email, or by phone
- Use your feedback as a way to build a relationship with students
- Hold regular office hours and invite students to engage with you
- For some students, faculty are their only connection to the college and that is an important responsibility

Giving students feedback so they know how to improve and can estimate their grade

- First exam and mid-term grades are a very good predictor of how a student will do in a course, early feedback can help a student correct before mid-term
- Moodle tools can help you provide feedback electronically and allow students to monitor their own grades
- You will be asked at mid-term to identify students who are on track to earn less than a 2.0 in your course

Alerting others on campus when students are struggling

- You will spend between 25-50 hours a term with the students in your class, much more than other support staff will spend with students
- You are in a unique position to observe students who are struggling, to provide support, and to alert others on campus (Academic Alert System)
- Because attendance and participation are strong early indicators of success, you are able to identify students who are at risk very early in the term

Great teaching is student-centered and depends on you

"Good teachers possess a capacity for connectedness. They are able to weave a complex web of connections among themselves, their subjects, and their students so that students can learn to weave a world for themselves."

Parker Palmer, The Courage to Teach